

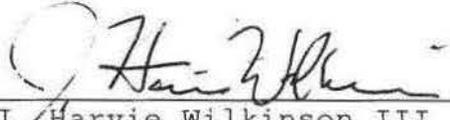
Complainant brings this judicial complaint alleging that the magistrate judge ignored factual and legal matters and permitted corrupt government attorneys to use improper documentation to secure complainant's extradition, in violation of treaty and law. Complainant alleges that he has only been named as a suspect, not charged with an offense, and is therefore not subject to extradition. He claims that the judge relied on inaccurate translations of documents to unlawfully detain and extradite him. Complainant claims that he is a victim of corruption and discrimination.

The Judicial Conduct and Disability Act excludes from its coverage misconduct allegations that are "[d]irectly related to the merits of a decision or procedural ruling." 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(ii). A misconduct claim cannot be based simply on dissatisfaction with the judge's decisions. In re Doe, 640 F.3d 869, 873 (8th Cir. 2011). Rather, a claim of misconduct requires "clear and convincing evidence of a judge's arbitrary and intentional departure from prevailing law based on his or her disagreement with, or willful indifference to, that law," In re Memorandum of Decision, 517 F.3d 558, 562 (U.S. Jud. Conf. 2008), or evidence that the decision was "the result of an improper motive, e.g., a bribe, ex parte contact, racial or ethnic bias." Rule 3(h)(3)(A), Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings.

Complainant contends that the magistrate judge was deliberately blind to his evidence and certified his extradition in direct contravention of the law. The record of the extradition proceedings shows, however, the magistrate judge's careful consideration of the evidence and application of the law and offers no support for complainant's allegations of deliberate indifference, corruption, or discrimination. Complainant's disagreement with the judge's decision is not evidence of judicial misconduct.

Accordingly, this judicial complaint is dismissed as related to the merits of the judge's decision and as failing to present evidence of judicial misconduct. 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(ii) & (iii).

IT IS SO ORDERED.



J. Harvie Wilkinson III
Circuit Judge*

* Acting pursuant to Rule 25(f), Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings.